CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2680

Chapter 29, Laws of 2014

63rd Legislature 2014 Regular Session

LIQUOR CATERING

EFFECTIVE DATE: 06/12/14

Passed by the House February 12, 2014 Yeas 95 Nays 2

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate March 4, 2014 Yeas 44 Nays 4

CERTIFICATE

I, Barbara Baker, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2680** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

BARBARA BAKER

BRAD OWEN

Chief Clerk

President of the Senate

Approved March 17, 2014, 3:15 p.m.

FILED

March 17, 2014

JAY INSLEE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2680

Passed Legislature - 2014 Regular Session

State of Washington

63rd Legislature

2014 Regular Session

By House Government Accountability & Oversight (originally sponsored by Representatives Springer, Haler, Goodman, and Freeman)

READ FIRST TIME 02/05/14.

- AN ACT Relating to liquor catering; amending RCW 66.44.350;
- 2 reenacting and amending RCW 66.20.300 and 66.20.310; and adding a new
- 3 section to chapter 66.24 RCW.

required by rules of the board.

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- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 66.24 RCW 6 to read as follows:
 - (1) There shall be a caterer's license to sell spirits, beer, and wine, by the individual serving, at retail, for consumption on the premises at an event location that is either owned, leased, or operated either by the caterer or the sponsor of the event for which catering services are being provided. If the event is open to the public, it must be sponsored by a society or organization as defined in RCW 66.24.375. If attendance at the event is limited to members or invited guests of the sponsoring individual, society, or organization, the requirement that the sponsor must be a society or organization as defined in RCW 66.24.375 is waived. The licensee must serve food as
- 18 (2) The annual fee is two hundred dollars for the beer license, two

hundred dollars for the wine license, or four hundred dollars for a combination beer and wine license. The annual fee for a combined beer, wine, and spirits license is one thousand dollars.

- (3) The holder of this license shall notify the board or its designee of the date, time, place, and location of any catered event at which liquor will be served, sold, or consumed. The board shall create rules detailing notification requirements. Upon request, the licensee shall provide to the board all necessary or requested information concerning the individual, society, or organization that will be holding the catered function at which the caterer's liquor license will be utilized.
- 12 (4) The holder of this license may, under conditions established by 13 the board, store liquor on other premises operated by the licensee so 14 long as the other premises are owned or controlled by a leasehold 15 interest by that licensee.
- 16 (5) The holder of this license is prohibited from catering events 17 at locations that are already licensed to sell liquor under this 18 chapter.
- 19 (6) The holder of this license is responsible for all sales, 20 service, and consumption of alcohol at the location of the catered 21 event.
- 22 **Sec. 2.** RCW 66.20.300 and 2013 c 237 s 2 and 2013 c 219 s 2 are 23 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout RCW 66.20.310 through 66.20.350 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1) "Alcohol" has the same meaning as "liquor" in RCW 66.04.010.
- (2) "Alcohol server" means any person who as part of his or her employment participates in the sale or service of alcoholic beverages for on-premise consumption at a retail licensed premise as a regular requirement of his or her employment, and includes those persons eighteen years of age or older permitted by the liquor laws of this state to serve alcoholic beverages with meals.
- (3) "Board" means the Washington state liquor control board.
- 34 (4) "Retail licensed premises" means any:
- 35 (a) Premises licensed to sell alcohol by the glass or by the drink, 36 or in original containers primarily for consumption on the premises as

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- 1 authorized by this section and RCW 66.20.310, 66.24.320, 66.24.330,
- 2 66.24.350, 66.24.400, 66.24.425, <u>section 1 of this act</u>, 66.24.450,
- 3 66.24.570, 66.24.610, 66.24.650, and 66.24.655;

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- 4 (b) Distillery licensed pursuant to RCW 66.24.140 that is authorized to serve samples of its own production;
 - (c) Facility established by a domestic winery for serving and selling wine pursuant to RCW 66.24.170(4); and
- 8 (d) Grocery store licensed under RCW 66.24.360, but only with 9 respect to employees whose duties include serving during tasting 10 activities under RCW 66.24.363.
- 11 (5) "Training entity" means any liquor licensee associations, 12 independent contractors, private persons, and private or public 13 schools, that have been certified by the board.
- 14 **Sec. 3.** RCW 66.20.310 and 2013 c 237 s 3 and 2013 c 219 s 3 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
 - (1)(a) There is an alcohol server permit, known as a class 12 permit, for a manager or bartender selling or mixing alcohol, spirits, wines, or beer for consumption at an on-premises licensed facility.
 - (b) There is an alcohol server permit, known as a class 13 permit, for a person who only serves alcohol, spirits, wines, or beer for consumption at an on-premises licensed facility.
- (c) As provided by rule by the board, a class 13 permit holder may be allowed to act as a bartender without holding a class 12 permit.
 - (2)(a) Effective January 1, 1997, except as provided in (d) of this subsection, every alcohol server employed, under contract or otherwise, at a retail licensed premise must be issued a class 12 or class 13 permit.
 - (b) Every class 12 and class 13 permit issued must be issued in the name of the applicant and no other person may use the permit of another permit holder. The holder must present the permit upon request to inspection by a representative of the board or a peace officer. The class 12 or class 13 permit is valid for employment at any retail licensed premises described in (a) of this subsection.
- 34 (c) Except as provided in (d) of this subsection, no licensee 35 holding a license as authorized by this section and RCW 66.20.300, 36 66.24.320, 66.24.330, 66.24.350, 66.24.400, 66.24.425, <u>section 1 of</u>

- this act, 66.24.450, 66.24.570, 66.24.600, 66.24.610, 66.24.650, and 66.24.655 may employ or accept the services of any person without the person first having a valid class 12 or class 13 permit.
 - (d) Within sixty days of initial employment, every person whose duties include the compounding, sale, service, or handling of liquor must have a class 12 or class 13 permit.
 - (e) No person may perform duties that include the sale or service of alcoholic beverages on a retail licensed premises without possessing a valid alcohol server permit.
 - (3) A permit issued by a training entity under this section is valid for employment at any retail licensed premises described in subsection (2)(a) of this section for a period of five years unless suspended by the board.
 - (4) The board may suspend or revoke an existing permit if any of the following occur:
 - (a) The applicant or permittee has been convicted of violating any of the state or local intoxicating liquor laws of this state or has been convicted at any time of a felony; or
 - (b) The permittee has performed or permitted any act that constitutes a violation of this title or of any rule of the board.
 - (5) The suspension or revocation of a permit under this section does not relieve a licensee from responsibility for any act of the employee or agent while employed upon the retail licensed premises. The board may, as appropriate, revoke or suspend either the permit of the employee who committed the violation or the license of the licensee upon whose premises the violation occurred, or both the permit and the license.
 - (6)(a) After January 1, 1997, it is a violation of this title for any retail licensee or agent of a retail licensee as described in subsection (2)(a) of this section to employ in the sale or service of alcoholic beverages, any person who does not have a valid alcohol server permit or whose permit has been revoked, suspended, or denied.
 - (b) It is a violation of this title for a person whose alcohol server permit has been denied, suspended, or revoked to accept employment in the sale or service of alcoholic beverages.
 - (7) Grocery stores licensed under RCW 66.24.360, the primary commercial activity of which is the sale of grocery products and for which the sale and service of beer and wine for on-premises consumption

- 1 with food is incidental to the primary business, and employees of such
- 2 establishments, are exempt from RCW 66.20.300 through 66.20.350, except
- 3 for employees whose duties include serving during tasting activities
- 4 under RCW 66.24.363.
- 5 **Sec. 4.** RCW 66.44.350 and 1999 c 281 s 12 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

7 Notwithstanding provisions of RCW 66.44.310, employees holding beer 8 and/or wine restaurant; beer and/or wine private club; snack bar; spirits, beer, and wine restaurant; spirits, beer, and wine private 9 club; catering; and sports entertainment facility licenses who are 10 licensees eighteen years of age and over may take orders for, serve, 11 12 and sell liquor in any part of the licensed premises except cocktail lounges, bars, or other areas classified by the Washington state liquor 13 control board as off-limits to persons under twenty-one years of age: 14 PROVIDED, That such employees may enter such restricted areas to 15 16 perform work assignments including picking up liquor for service in other parts of the licensed premises, performing clean up work, setting 17 up and arranging tables, delivering supplies, delivering messages, 18 19 serving food, and seating patrons: PROVIDED FURTHER, That such 20 employees shall remain in the areas off-limits to minors no longer than is necessary to carry out their aforementioned duties: PROVIDED 21 22 FURTHER, That such employees shall not be permitted to perform 23 activities or functions of a bartender.

Passed by the House February 12, 2014.
Passed by the Senate March 4, 2014.
Approved by the Governor March 17, 2014.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 17, 2014.